

# Work Ability Index (WAI)

- Prof. (emer.) Juhani Ilmarinen, Finland
- International Forum on Social Enterpreneurship
- Ergoeduka and the Union of Czech Production Cooperatives,
- October 10-12, 2013; Prosec u Skutce, Czech Republik

#### Juhani Ilmarinen Consulting Ltd

- ▶ Background in Finnish Institute of Occupational Health:30 years research in Work Ability and Ageing, development of Work Ability Index, Promotion of Work Ability concept, Age & Generation Management, Life course, and Work Ability House-modell
- ► First National Prize for Innovative Practices in Employment and Social Policy, 2008 (SITRA, STM)
- ► Topics today: Work Ability and Ageing, Work Well-being, Age and Generation Management, Life course
- **▶** Projects:
- ► Finland: Good work-Longer Worklife in Technology Industry
- Germany: Work Ability, Age & Generation Management Training
- Austria: Fit for the future –programme
- ► Netherlands: Work Ability Implementation (Blik op Werk)
- Australia: RWAS, ComCare,StGeorge Bank
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### Work Ability- Milestones of research and praxis in Finland

1. WAI-Follow-up studies 1981-2009 (FIOH)

2. WAI-Promotion concepts 1990-1996 (FIOH)

3. WAI-Translations 1990-(28 languages in 2009)



#### Translations of WAI in 2006

- ► Finnish \*\*\*
- Swedish \*\*\*
- ► English \*\*\*
- ► German \*\*\*
- ▶ Dutch \*\*
- ▶ Portuguese \*\*\*
- Danish \*
- Chinese \*\*
- ▶ Estonian \*\*
- Russian \*
- ▶ Hebrew \*\*
- Italian \*\*
- ▶ French \*\*

- Japanese \*\*
- ► Polish \*\*
- Latvian \*
- ► Spanish \*\*
- ▶ Norwegian \*\*
- ▶ Serbian \*\*
- ▶ Hungary \*\*
- ▶ Slovenia \*\*
- ► Thai \*
- Korean \*
- ► Taiwanese (\*)
- Vietnamese (\*)



### Work Ability- Milestones of research and praxis

4. WAI- in occupational health services (FIOH 1992-)

5. WAI- International Cooperation 1992- (the Netherlands, Austria, Germany)

6. WAI- Research, International Workshops, Symposia, Conferences 1990- (ICOH, IEA, 14)



Venues of workshops, symposia and conferences under the auspices of the ICOH Scientific Committee "Ageing and Work" in 1990-2011

| r 1000 file flagge (Notificilialiae) - / (going and Work |  | 1990 The | Hague ( | (Netherlands) | ) Ageing a | and Work |
|--|--|----------|---------|---------------|------------|----------|
|--|--|----------|---------|---------------|------------|----------|

► 1992 Haikko (Finland) Ageing and Work

1994 Wijk aan Zee (Netherlands) Ageing and Work

▶ 1994 Kitakuyshu (Japan)
Path to Productive Ageing

▶ 1996 Stockholm (Sweden) Work after 45?

▶ 1998 Helsingor (Denmark) Ageing and Work

▶ 1999 The Hague (Netherlands) Ageing and Work

► 2001 Tampere (Finland) Work Ability

2001 Kitakyushu (Japan)
Ageing and Work

▶ 2002 Krakow (Poland) Ageing and Work

► 2004 Verona (Italy ) Work Ability

2007 Hanoi ( Vietnam) Work Ability

▶ 2010 Tampere (Finland) Work Ability

2011 Melbourne (Australia) Older Workers and Workability

### Work Ability- Milestones of research and praxis

7. WAI-Training, Coaching and Consulting (Germany, Austria)

8. WAI- Networks (Germany, Austria, the Netherlands)

9. WAI – Data Banks (Finland, Germany, Austria, the Netherlands)

10. Work Ability House – new concept 2002- (FIOH)



#### Work ability model

Society: culture legislation education policy social and health policy external operational environment **WORK ABILITY** work work community leadership immediate social environment values attitudes motivation family competence health and © Finnish Institute of functional Occupational Health 2010 capacities **AGE POWER** 



### Work Ability- Milestones of research and praxis

11. ABI Plus(Austria 2009-), Work Ability Survey (Australia 2009-)

12. WA-Personal Radar ( Work Well-Being Index ) & WA-Company Radar ( Finland 2010- )

13. Work Ability- pre-and post doc classes in universities( Austria, University of Vienna )



#### Future of Work Ability

14. Work Ability - Management Initiatives for social partners, legislation, collective agreements



Demographic change, prolonging working life, increase in retirement age

16. Work Ability – Work wellbeing

New paradigm



### **WORK ABILITY**

### INDEX

Kaija Tuomi Juhani Ilmarinen Antti Jahkola Lea Katajarinne Arto Tulkki

Lea Katajarinne

Finnish Institute of Occupational Health



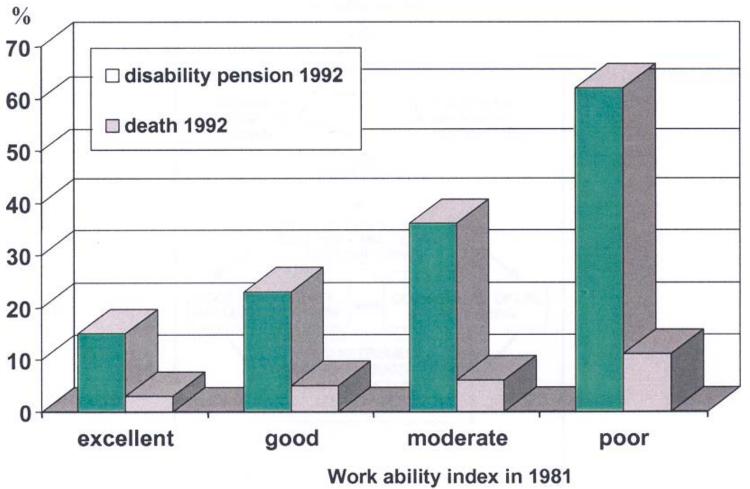
### Work Ability Index 7 Items

- Current work ability compared with the lifetime best
- Work ability in relation to the demands of the job
- Number of current diseases diagnosed by physician
- Estimated workimpairment due to diseases
- Sick leave during the past year (12 months)
- Own prognosis of work ability two years from now
- Mental resourses

### Work Ability Index

Scoring of the Questionnaire (range 7-49 points)

| <u>Points</u> | Work ability | Objective of measures |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
|               |              | •                     |
| 7 - 27        | POOR         | RESTORE WORK ABILITY  |
| 28 - 36       | MODERATE     | IMPROVE WORK ABILITY  |
| 37 - 43       | GOOD         | SUPPORT WORK ABILITY  |
| 44 - 49       | EXCELLENT    | MAINTAIN WORK ABILITY |





### Proportion of persons whose work ability improved or declined according to work content during follow-up of 11 years

|                                | lmpr | oved | Decl | ined |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Men                            | n    | %    | n    | %    |
| Physical work                  | 82   | 6.1  | 100  | 31.0 |
| Mixed physical and mental work | 36   | 11.1 | 48   | 33.3 |
| Mental work                    | 83   | 10.8 | 152  | 27.6 |
| Three groups combined          | 201  | 9.0  | 300  | 29.7 |
| Women                          | n    | %    | n    | %    |
| Physical work                  | 115  | 11.3 | 127  | 31.5 |
| Mixed physical and mental work | 99   | 9.1  | 140  | 25.7 |
| Mental work                    | 140  | 7.9  | 238  | 28.2 |
| Three groups combined          | 354  | 9.3  | 505  | 28.3 |
| Total                          | 555  | 9.2  | 805  | 28.8 |

#### Poor work ability, %

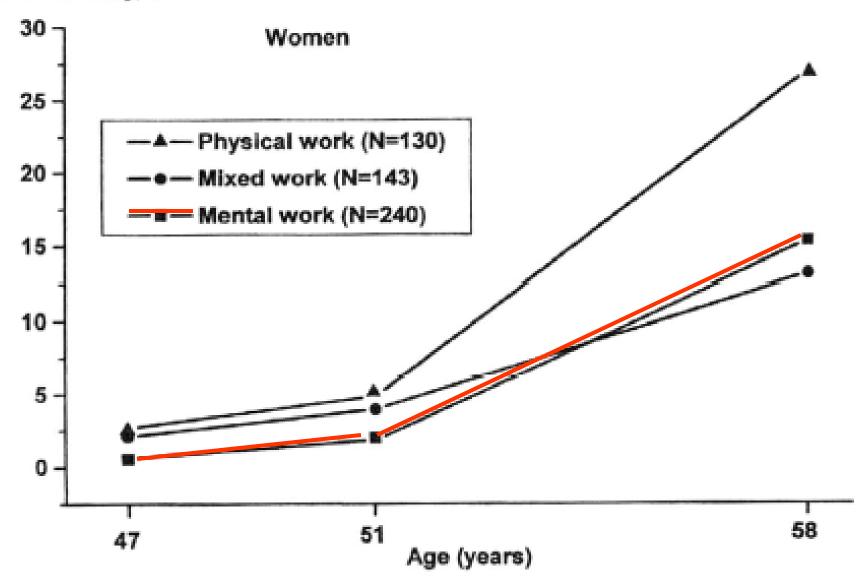
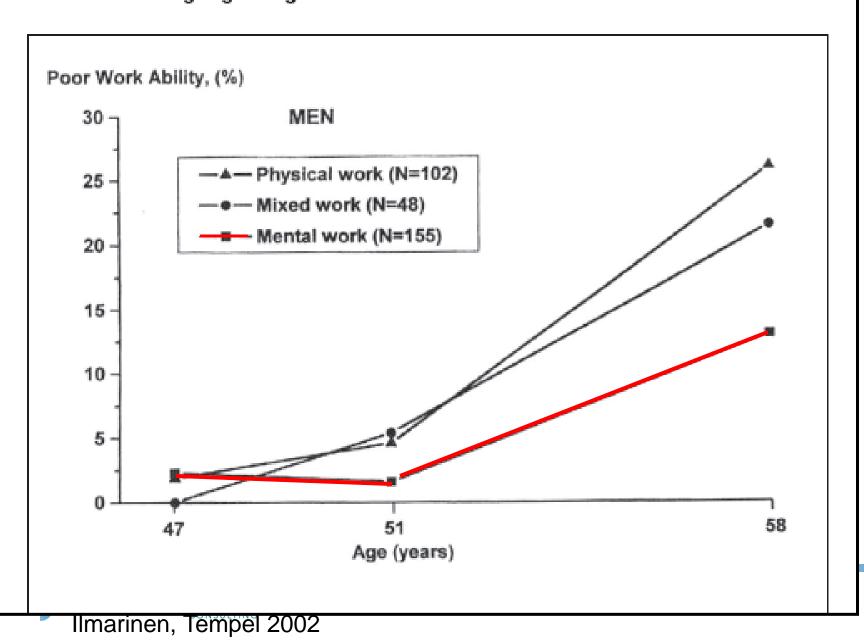
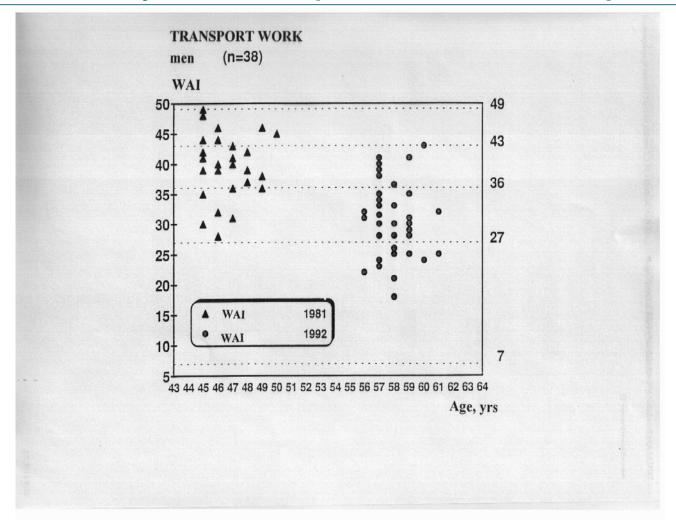


Abb./Tab. 87: Verteilung der Männer und Frauen mit »schlechter« Arbeitsbewältigungsfähigkeit nach Art der Arbeit und Lebensalter

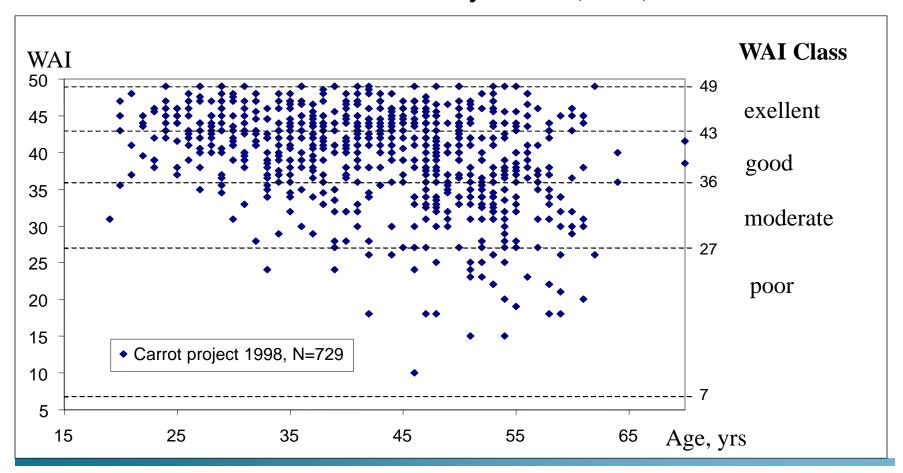


#### Work Ability in transport work 1981 ja 1992



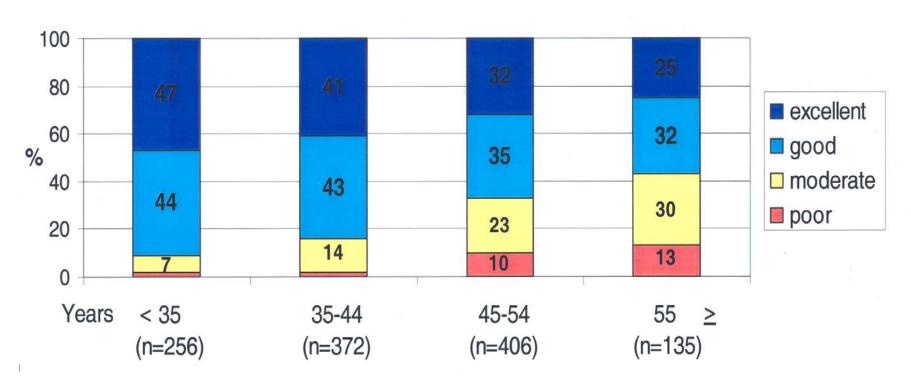


#### Work ability index (WAI)





#### Work Ability Index by age groups





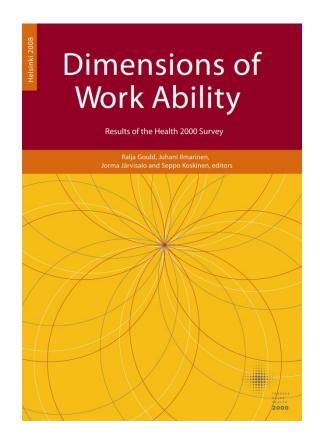


# Health2000 Survey on Work Ability

Raija Gould, Juhani Ilmarinen, Jorma Järvisalo, Seppo Koskinen, eds.

#### Dimensions of Work Ability Results of the Health 2000 Survey

Helsinki 2008









### Age-adjusted mean of WAI according to occupation

| OCCUPATION                             | Women | Men    |
|--|-------|--------|
| Managers and senior officials          | 40.3  | 41.9   |
| Teachers                               | 40.4  | 41.0   |
| Physicians + other health care experts | 40.4  | )      |
| Nurses                                 | 40.6  | } 42.4 |
| Practical nurses                       | 38.7  |        |
| Other professionals                    | 40.2  | 41.9   |
| Office and customer service clerks     | 40.6  | 41.3   |
| Chefs, cooks, waiters and waitresses   | 38.5  |        |
| Sales persons                          | 40.4  | 39.6   |
| Other service and care workers         | 39.5  |        |
| Construction workers                   |       | 39.1   |
| Repairmen                              | 38.2  | 40.9   |
| Manufacturers                          | J     | 39.5   |
| Process personnel                      | 37.9  | 39.4   |
| Drivers                                | 31.9  | 39.1   |
| Other workers                          | 37.5  | 39.9   |
| Agricultural and forestry workers      | 37.1  | 38.7   |



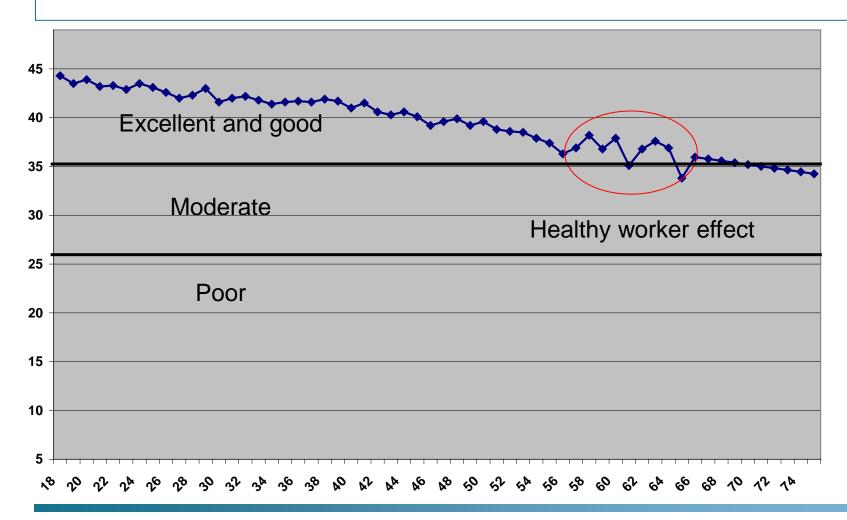
Gould ym. 2008

### Age-adjusted mean of WAI according to branche

| Branche                        | Women | Men  |
|--------------------------------|-------|------|
| Banking and insurance, IT      |       |      |
|                                | 40,7  | 41,8 |
| Education                      | 40,3  | 41,4 |
| Health and social services     | 39,6  | 42,2 |
| Other services                 | 40,0  | 40,7 |
| Public administration          | 39,6  | 40,1 |
| Trade and transport            | 39,8  | 40,3 |
| Industry and Construction      | 39,5  | 40,2 |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing | 37,7  | 39,3 |

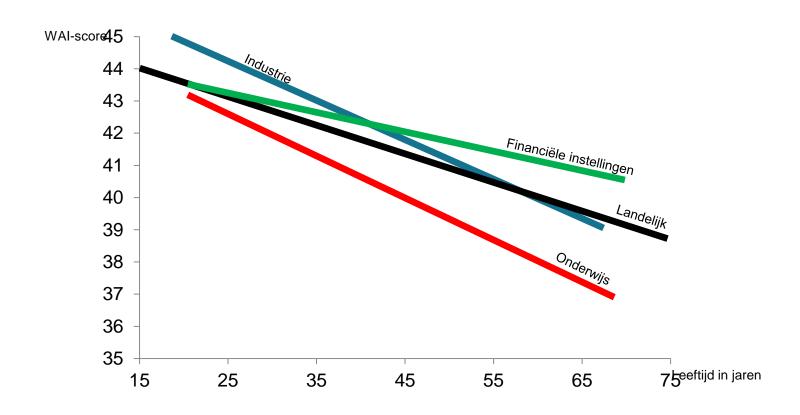


#### Work Ability and age in Finland



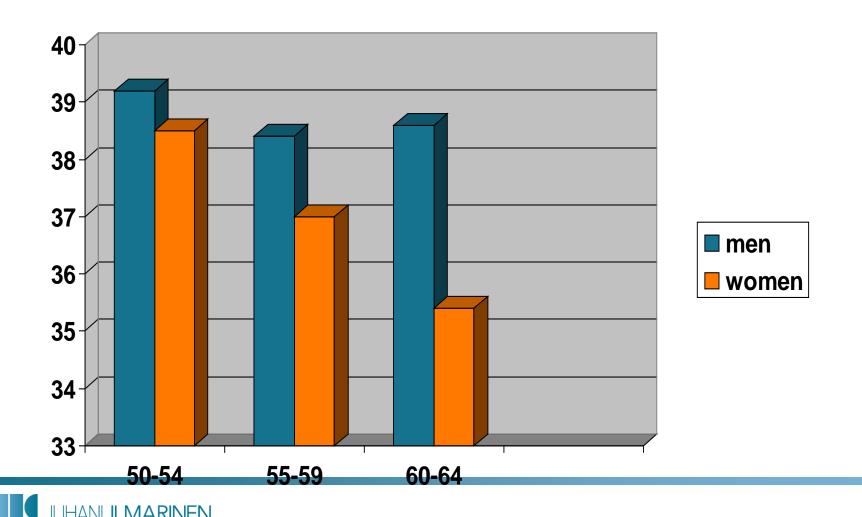


#### Verschillen in ontwikkeling WAIscore naar sector

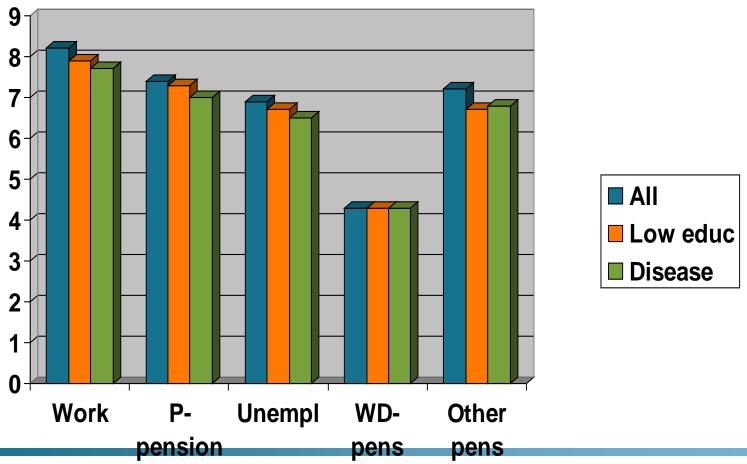




Work ability index (7-49) among working men and women by older age groups
Gould and Polvinen, 2006



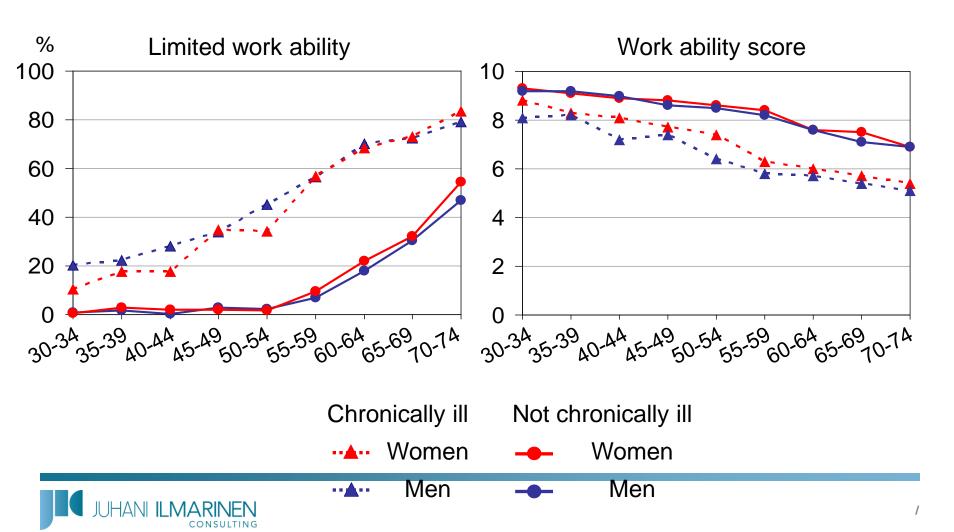
### Work ability compared with lifetime best (0-10) by life phase, 55-64 years Gould and Polvinen, 2006





/

### Proportion (%) of those with limited work ability and the mean work ability score for those chronically ill and those with no chronic illness



### Work ability among 30–64-year-olds without and with back or neck disorder (age adjusted)

| Disease       |                    | Mean work ability | Persons with limited work ability |            | Prevalence of disease (%) |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
|               |                    | score             | Proportion (%)                    | Odds Ratio |                           |
| Back disorder |                    |                   |                                   |            |                           |
| Womer         | n: Without disease | 8.3               | 16                                | 1.0        |                           |
|               | With disease       | 7.8***            | 26                                | 2.2**      | 28                        |
| Men:          | Without disease    | 8.1               | 17                                | 1.0        |                           |
|               | With disease       | 7.5***            | 26                                | 1.8***     | 32                        |
| Neck d        | lisorder           |                   |                                   |            |                           |
| Womer         | n: Without disease | 8.2               | 17                                | 1.0        |                           |
|               | With disease       | 7.8***            | 27                                | 2.1***     | 20                        |
| Men:          | Without disease    | 8.0               | 18                                | 1.0        |                           |
|               | With disease       | 7.2***            | 33                                | 2.6***     | 12                        |



### Work ability among 30–64-year-olds without and with **mental disorders** (age adjusted)

| Disease    |                    | Mean work ability | Persons with limited work ability |            | Prevalence of disease (%) |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
|            |                    | score             | Proportion (%)                    | Odds Ratio |                           |
| Depression |                    |                   |                                   |            |                           |
| Womer      | n: Without disease | 8.4               | 16                                | 1.0        |                           |
|            | With disease       | 6.7***            | 43                                | 5.7**      | 11                        |
| Men:       | Without disease    | 8.1               | 18                                | 1.0        |                           |
|            | With disease       | 6.2***            | 47                                | 5.9***     | 7                         |
| Psycho     | osis               |                   |                                   |            |                           |
| Womer      | n: Without disease | 8.2               | 19                                | 1.0        |                           |
|            | With disease       | 6.5***            | 62                                | 11.7***    | 1                         |
| Men:       | Without disease    | 7.9               | 20                                | 1.0        |                           |
|            | With disease       | 6.8***            | 74                                | 21.4***    | 1                         |



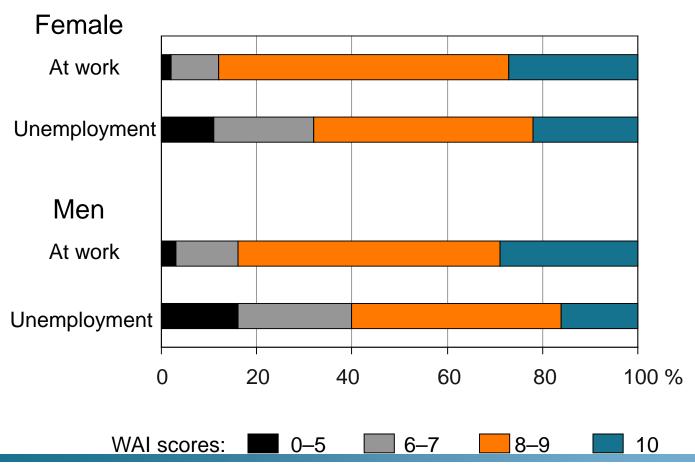


# Work Ability Index by unemployed and handicapped people

Pasi Holm – Anneli Hopponen, 2007

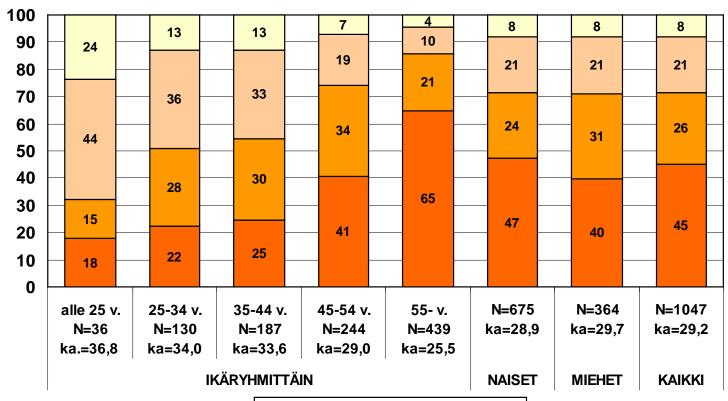
▶Pellervon taloudellinen tutkimuslaitos PTT, Finland

### Work Ability Index–1st item, 30–64-yrs, (adjusted by age)





### WAI among handicapped people by gender and age



Työkyky:

- □ 1 Erinomainen (44-49 pistettä)
- 2 Hyvä (37-43 pistettä)
- 3 Kohtalainen (28-36 pistettä)
- 4 Huono (7-27 pistettä)





### Midlife work ability predicts disability in old age – A 28-year prospective study

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▶Jorma Seitsamo<sup>2</sup>

**H**uhani Ilmarinen<sup>2</sup>

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Monika E. von Bonsdorff¹,²

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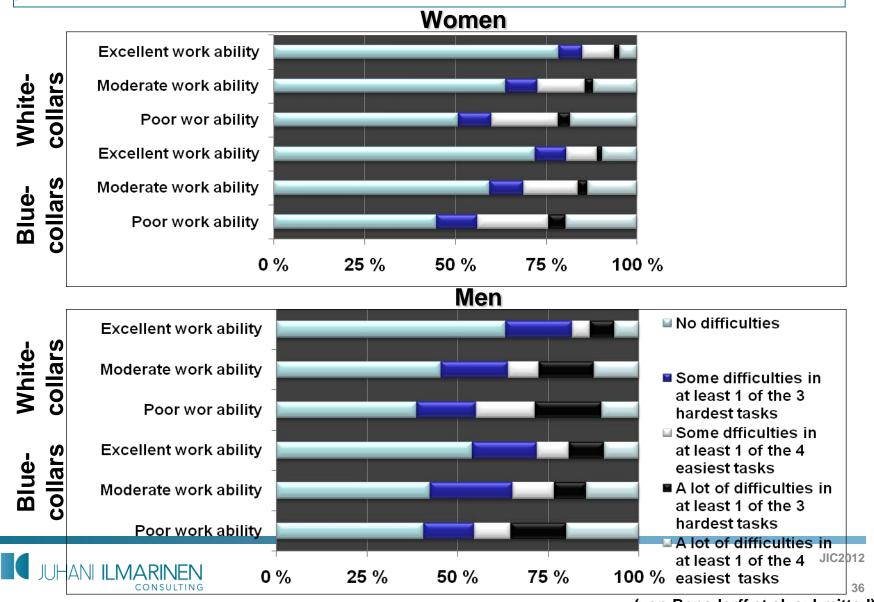
► Gerontology Research Centre, Department of Health Sciences, University of Jyväskylä,

Finnish Institute of Occupational Health, Helsinki

**▶** Tampere School of Public Health, University of Tampere

9 June 2010, Tampere

### IADL disability at follow-up in 2009 according to professional class and work ability in midlife in the year 1981

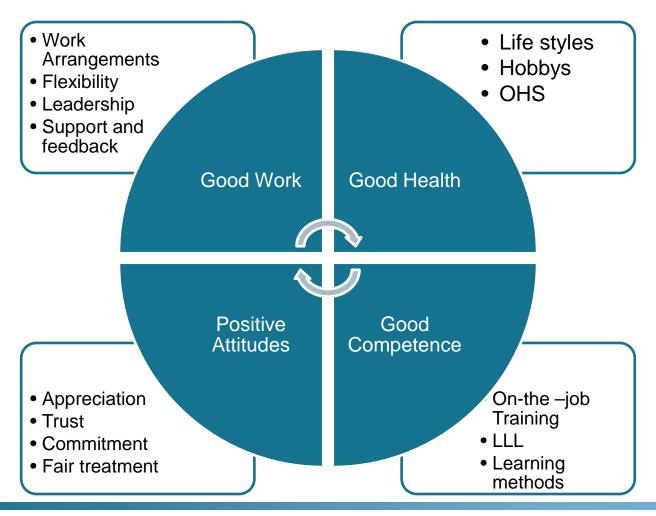




# Promotion of work ability

An evidence based concept in workplaces

#### Promotion of Work Ability: Targets and Means





#### WAI as a resource for the organisation

Two overarching and strategic benefits:

- 1. Brand reputation in the employment market (and in the community)
- 2. Cost benefits of improved productivity

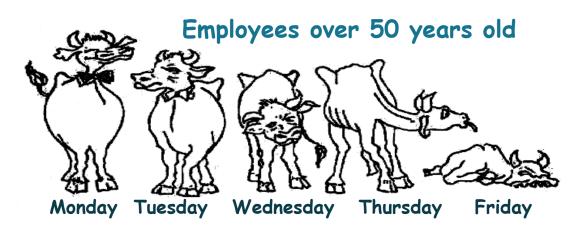


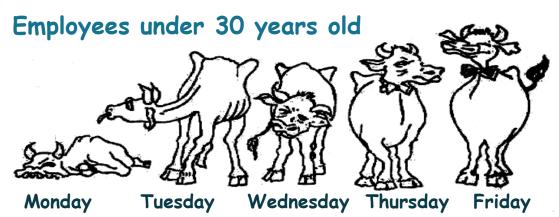
#### WAI as a resource for the organisation

#### More discreet benefits include:

- Indicate the status of work ability and need for promotion
- Early indicator of risks of work disability and early exit
- ► Initiate preventive actions
- Evaluate the effects of actions
- Validated method for Occupational Health Services and for health promotion
- ► Initiate the discussion about ageing and work
- Improve the awareness of human work ability
- Improve the collaboration between employers and employees due to win-win possibilities
- Can be used as base for cost-benefit analysis







At least they understand each other on Wednesday

